

Topic Test Summer 2022

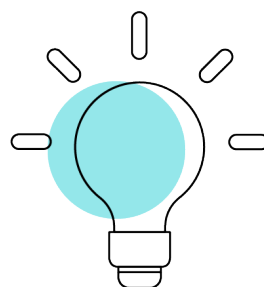
Pearson Edexcel GCE Mathematics (9MA0)

Paper 3 – Statistics

Topic 1: Regression lines (change of variable); hypothesis test for correlation

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Question T1_Q1

- (a) Stating your hypotheses clearly and using a 5% level of significance, test whether or not the correlation between sales figures and average weekly temperature is negative.

(3)

- (1)

(c) State, giving a reason, whether or not the correlation coefficient is consistent with Tessa's suggestion.

(1)

- (1)

(e) Give an interpretation of the gradient of this regression equation.

(1)

Question T1_Q2

3. Barbara is investigating the relationship between average income (GDP per capita), x US dollars, and average annual carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions, y tonnes, for different countries.

She takes a random sample of 24 countries and finds the product moment correlation coefficient between average annual CO₂ emissions and average income to be 0.446

- (a) Stating your hypotheses clearly, test, at the 5% level of significance, whether or not the product moment correlation coefficient for all countries is greater than zero.

(3)

Barbara believes that a non-linear model would be a better fit to the data.

She codes the data using the coding $m = \log_{10} x$ and $c = \log_{10} y$ and obtains the model $c = -1.82 + 0.89m$

The product moment correlation coefficient between c and m is found to be 0.882

- (b) Explain how this value supports Barbara's belief.

(1)

- (c) Show that the relationship between y and x can be written in the form $y = ax^n$ where a and n are constants to be found.

(5)

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Question T1_Q3

2. A random sample of 15 days is taken from the large data set for Perth in June and July 1987.

The scatter diagram in Figure 1 displays the values of two of the variables for these 15 days.

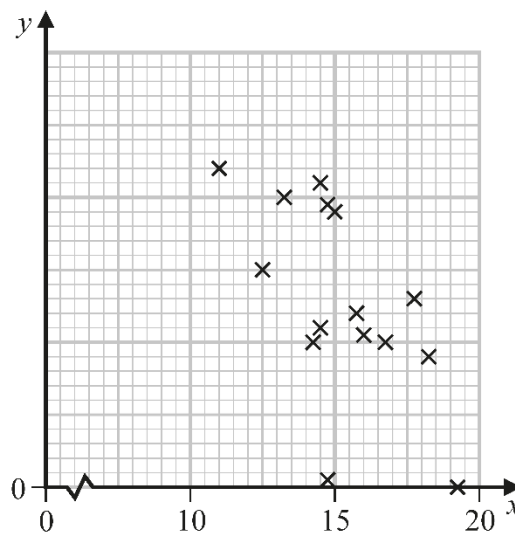


Figure 1

- (a) Describe the correlation.

(1)

The variable on the x -axis is Daily Mean Temperature measured in $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

- (b) Using your knowledge of the large data set,

- suggest which variable is on the y -axis,
- state the units that are used in the large data set for this variable.

(2)

Stav believes that there is a correlation between Daily Total Sunshine and Daily Maximum Relative Humidity at Heathrow.

He calculates the product moment correlation coefficient between these two variables for a random sample of 30 days and obtains $r = -0.377$

- (c) Carry out a suitable test to investigate Stav's belief at a 5% level of significance. State clearly

- your hypotheses
- your critical value

(3)

On a random day at Heathrow the Daily Maximum Relative Humidity was 97%

- (d) Comment on the number of hours of sunshine you would expect on that day, giving a reason for your answer.

(1)

Question T1_Q4

- Marc took a random sample of 16 students from a school and for each student recorded
 - the number of letters, x , in their last name
 - the number of letters, y , in their first name

His results are shown in the scatter diagram on the next page.

- (a) Describe the correlation between x and y .

(1)

Marc suggests that parents with long last names tend to give their children shorter first names.

- (b) Using the scatter diagram comment on Marc's suggestion, giving a reason for your answer.

(1)

The results from Marc's random sample of 16 observations are given in the table below.

x	3	6	8	7	5	3	11	3	4	5	4	9	7	10	6	6
y	7	7	4	4	6	8	5	5	8	4	7	4	5	5	6	3

- (c) Use your calculator to find the product moment correlation coefficient between x and y for these data.

(1)

- (d) Test whether or not there is evidence of a negative correlation between the number of letters in the last name and the number of letters in the first name.

You should

- state your hypotheses clearly
- use a 5% level of significance

(3)

Question 2 continued.

