

Name: _____

GCSE Unit 5a Practice Assessment

Date:

Time: 50 minutes

Total marks available: 49

Total marks achieved: _____

Questions

Q1.

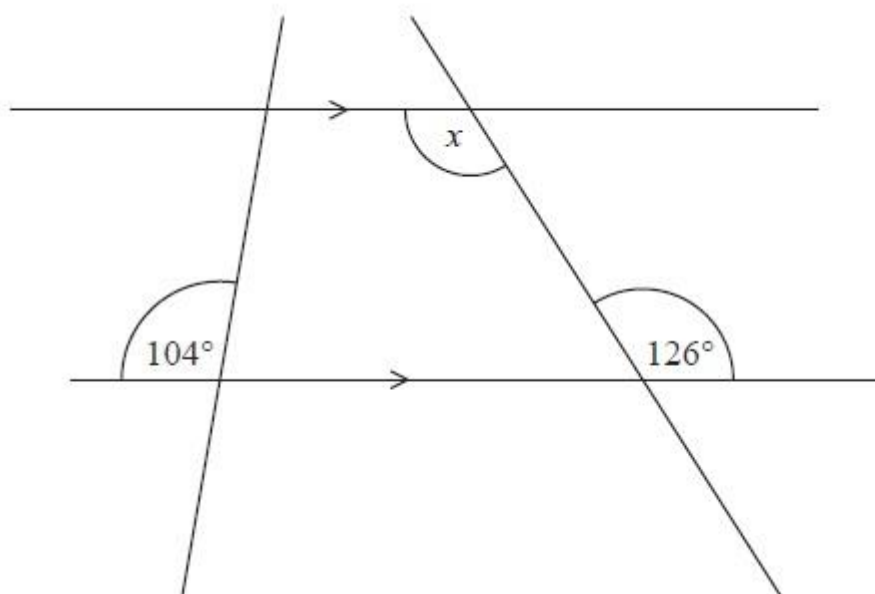


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

(i) Find the size of the angle marked x .

.....°

(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

.....

(Total for Question is 2 marks)

Q2.

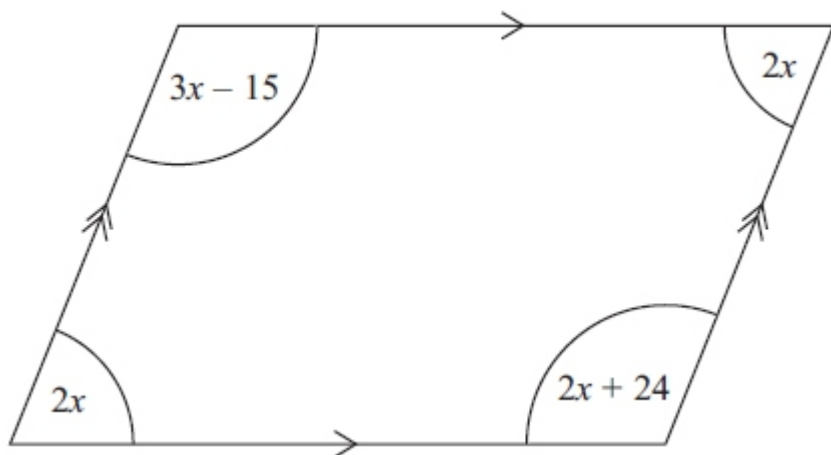


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The diagram shows a parallelogram.
The sizes of the angles, in degrees, are

- $2x$
- $3x - 15$
- $2x$
- $2x + 24$

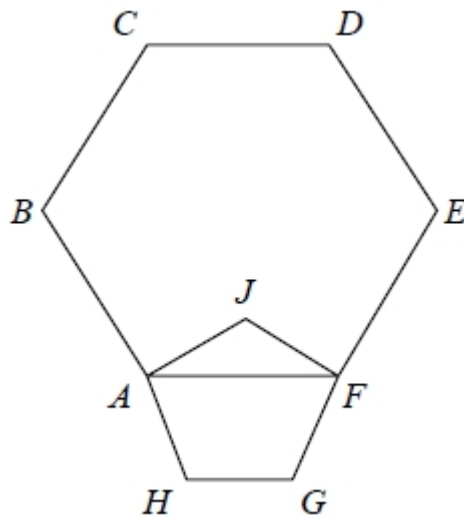
Work out the value of x .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q3.

$ABCDEF$ is a regular hexagon.
 $AJFGH$ is a regular pentagon.



Work out the size of angle BAJ .

(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q4.

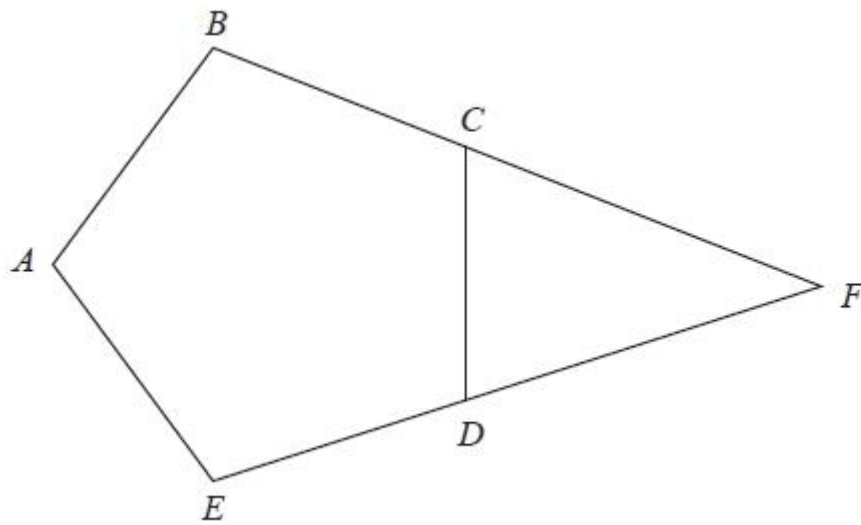


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

$ABCDE$ is a regular pentagon.
 BCF and EDF are straight lines.

Work out the size of angle CFD .
You must show how you got your answer.

.....^o

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q5.

*

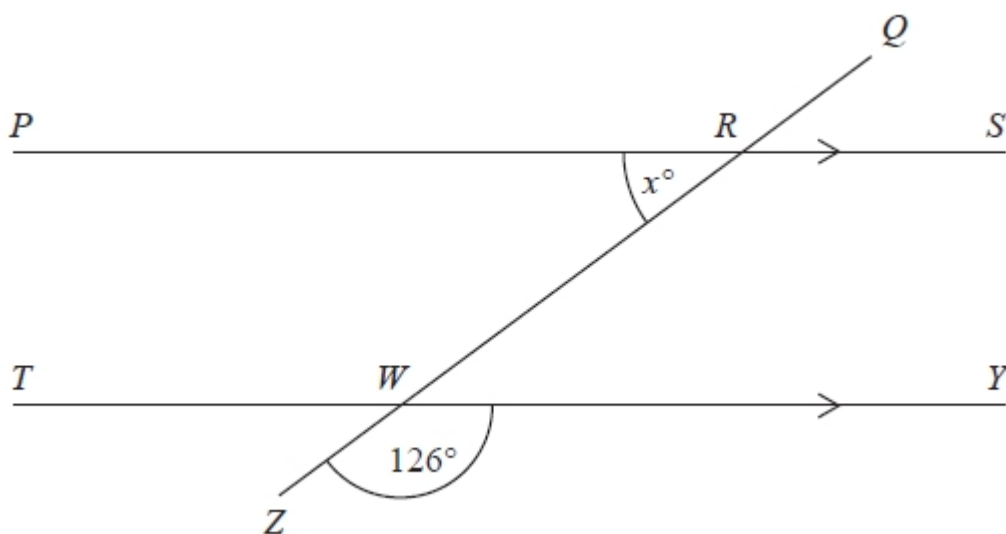


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

PRS and *TWY* are parallel straight lines.
QRWZ is a straight line.

Work out the value of x .
Give reasons for your answer.

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q6.

*

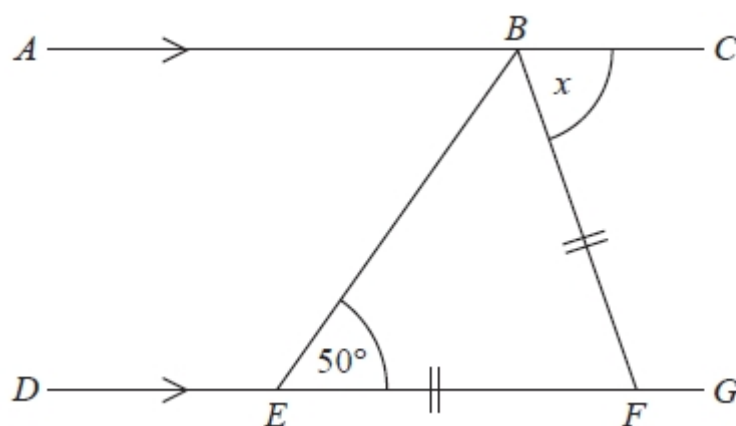


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

ABC is a straight line.
 $DEFG$ is a straight line.
 AC is parallel to DG .
 $EF = BF$.
Angle $BEF = 50^\circ$.

Work out the size of the angle marked x .
Give reasons for your answer.

.....°

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q7.

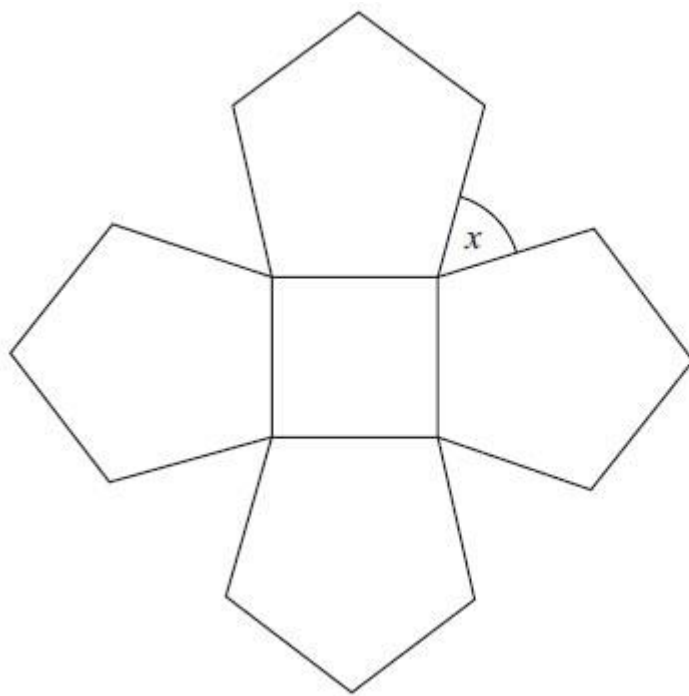


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

The diagram shows a square and 4 regular pentagons.
Work out the size of the angle marked x .

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q8.

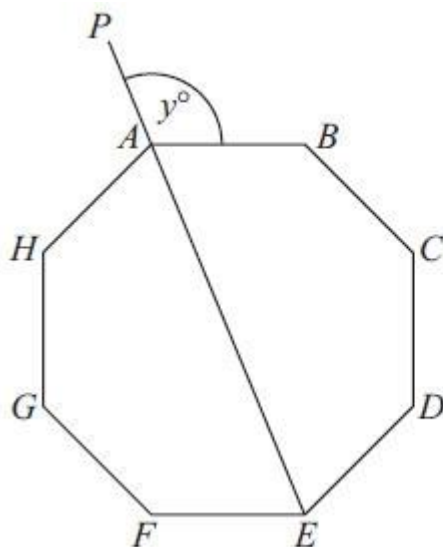


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

$ABCDEFGH$ is a regular octagon.

PAE is a straight line.

Angle $PAB = y^\circ$

Work out the value of y

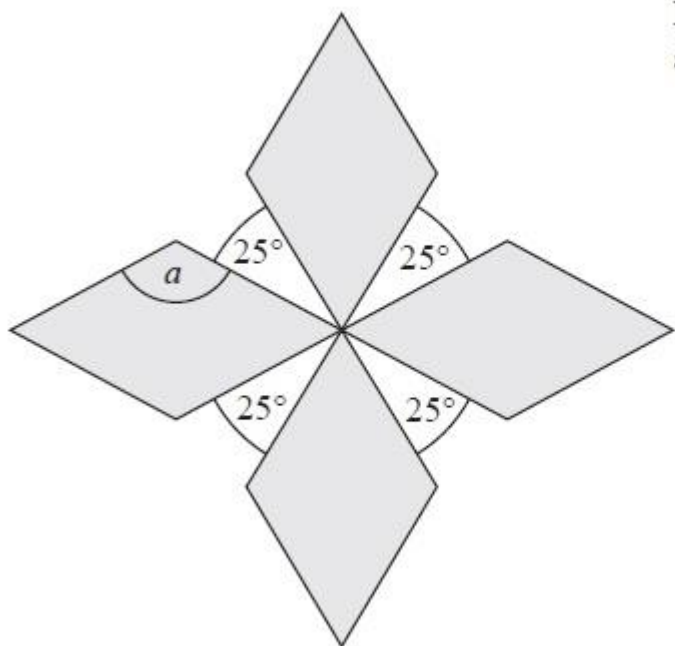
$y = \dots\dots\dots$

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q9.

The diagram shows a pattern using four identical rhombuses.

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn



Work out the size of the angle marked a .

You must show your working.

.....°

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q10.

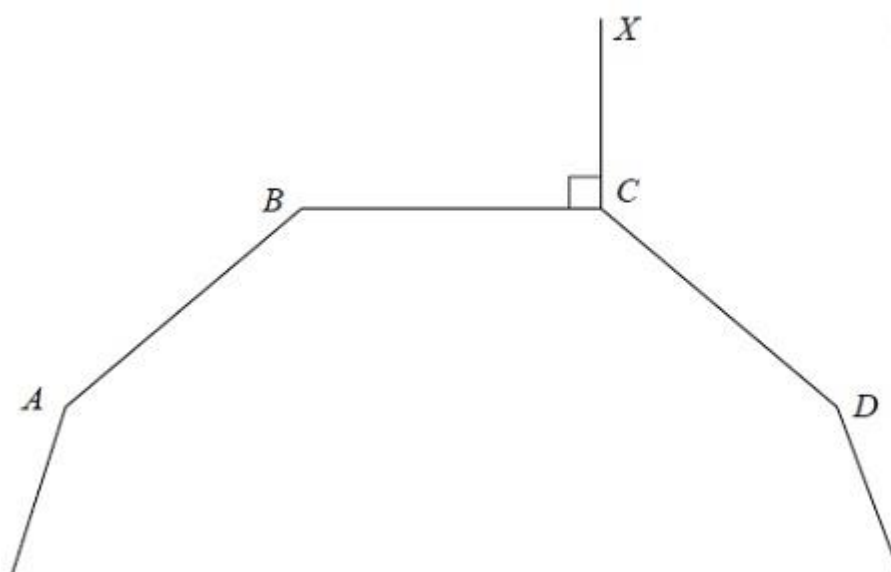


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

A , B , C and D are four vertices of a regular 10-sided polygon.

Angle $BCX = 90^\circ$.

Work out the size of angle DCX .

.....^o

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q11.

The diagram shows 3 sides of a regular polygon.

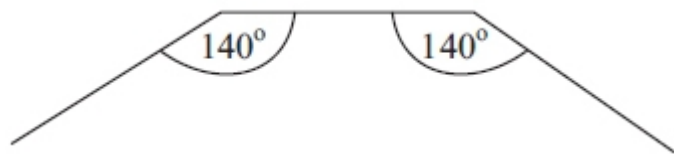


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Each interior angle of the regular polygon is 140° .

Work out the number of sides of the regular polygon.

.....
(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q12.

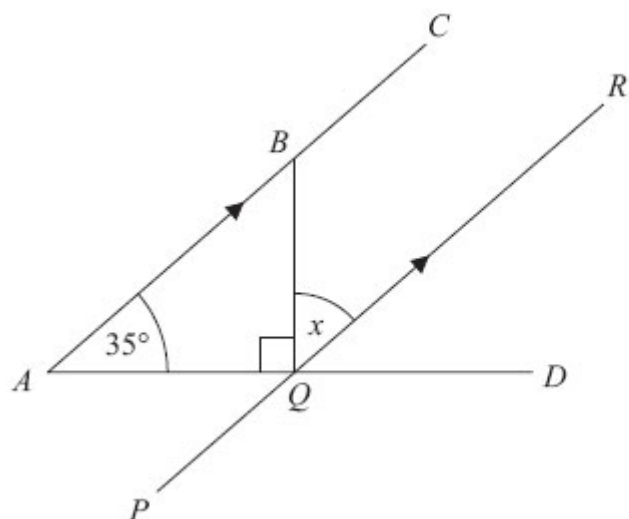


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

ABC , PQR and AQD are straight lines.
 ABC is parallel to PQR .

Angle $BAQ = 35^\circ$

Angle $BQA = 90^\circ$

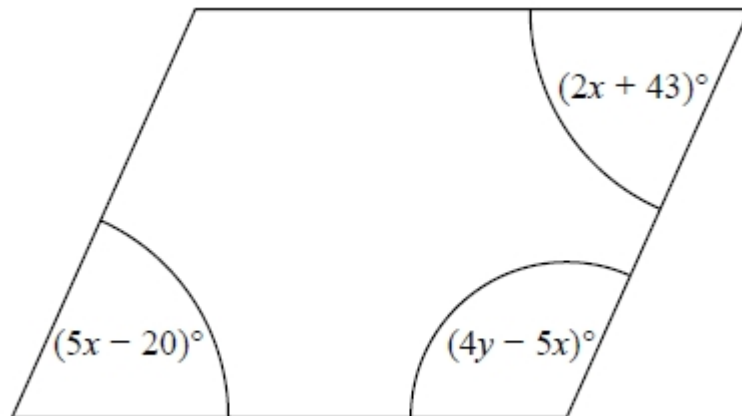
Work out the size of the angle marked x .
Give reasons for each stage of your working.

$x = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q13.

Here is a parallelogram.



Work out the value of x and the value of y .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

$y = \dots\dots\dots$

(Total for question = 5 marks)

Q14.

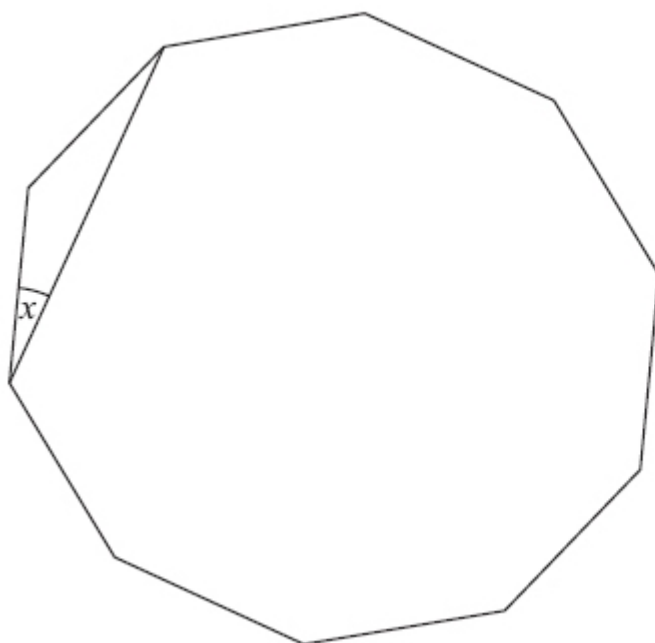


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

The diagram shows a regular decagon.
Work out the size of angle x .

(Total for Question is 4 marks)