

Topic Test

Summer 2022

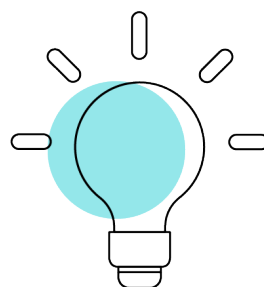
Pearson Edexcel GCE Mathematics (9MA0)

Paper 3 – Statistics

Topic 2: Measures of central tendency and variation

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Questions

Question T2_Q1

4. Charlie is studying the time it takes members of his company to travel to the office. He stands by the door to the office from 08 40 to 08 50 one morning and asks workers, as they arrive, how long their journey was.

(a) State the sampling method Charlie used.

(1)

(b) State and briefly describe an alternative method of non-random sampling Charlie could have used to obtain a sample of 40 workers.

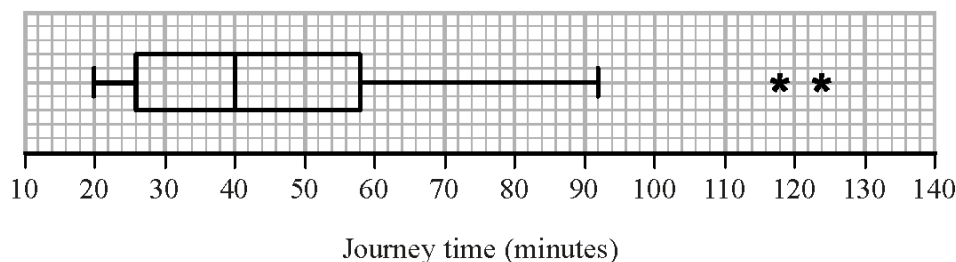
(2)

Taruni decided to ask every member of the company the time, x minutes, it takes them to travel to the office.

(c) State the data selection process Taruni used.

(1)

Taruni's results are summarised by the box plot and summary statistics below.



$$n = 95 \quad \sum x = 4133 \quad \sum x^2 = 202\,294$$

(d) Write down the interquartile range for these data.

(1)

(e) Calculate the mean and the standard deviation for these data.

(3)

(f) State, giving a reason, whether you would recommend using the mean and standard deviation or the median and interquartile range to describe these data.

(2)

Rana and David both work for the company and have both moved house since Taruni collected her data.

Rana's journey to work has changed from 75 minutes to 35 minutes and David's journey to work has changed from 60 minutes to 33 minutes.

Taruni drew her box plot again and only had to change two values.

(g) Explain which two values Taruni must have changed and whether each of these values has increased or decreased.

(3)

Question T2_Q2

2.

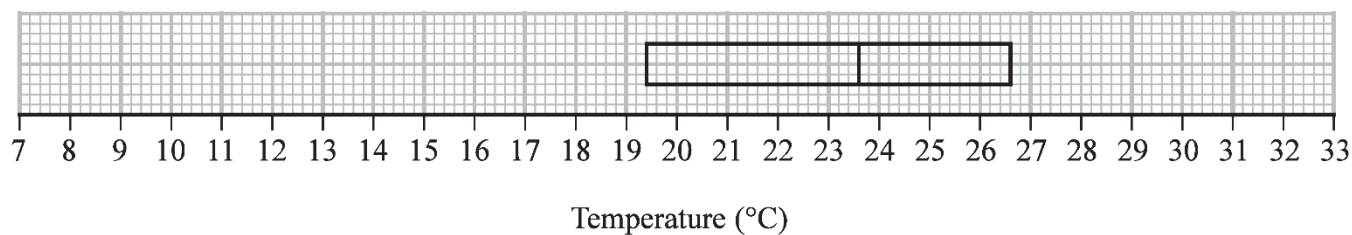


Figure 1

The partially completed box plot in Figure 1 shows the distribution of daily mean air temperatures using the data from the large data set for Beijing in 2015

An outlier is defined as a value
 more than $1.5 \times \text{IQR}$ below Q_1 or
 more than $1.5 \times \text{IQR}$ above Q_3

The three lowest air temperatures in the data set are 7.6°C , 8.1°C and 9.1°C

The highest air temperature in the data set is 32.5°C

(a) Complete the box plot in Figure 1 showing clearly any outliers. (4)

(b) Using your knowledge of the large data set, suggest from which month the two outliers are likely to have come. (1)

Using the data from the large data set, Simon produced the following summary statistics for the daily mean air temperature, $x^\circ\text{C}$, for Beijing in 2015

$$n = 184 \quad \sum x = 4153.6 \quad S_{xx} = 4952.906$$

(c) Show that, to 3 significant figures, the standard deviation is 5.19°C (1)

Simon decides to model the air temperatures with the random variable

$$T \sim N(22.6, 5.19^2)$$

(d) Using Simon's model, calculate the 10th to 90th interpercentile range. (3)

Simon wants to model another variable from the large data set for Beijing using a normal distribution.

(e) State two variables from the large data set for Beijing that are **not** suitable to be modelled by a normal distribution. Give a reason for each answer. (2)

This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 20 horizontal blue or grey lines spaced evenly apart, typical of notebook paper. The lines extend across the entire width of the page, leaving small margins at the top and bottom. There are no vertical lines, text, or other markings on the page.

Turn over for a spare grid if you need to redraw your box plot.

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

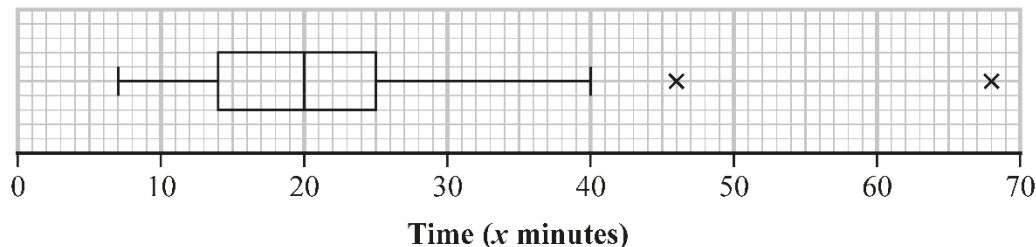
Category	Start Temperature (°C)	End Temperature (°C)
Very Faint	19.5	23.5
Faint	19.5	26.5
Trace	23.5	26.5

Question T2_Q3

3. Each member of a group of 27 people was timed when completing a puzzle.

The time taken, x minutes, for each member of the group was recorded.

These times are summarised in the following box and whisker plot.



- (a) Find the range of the times. (1)

- (b) Find the interquartile range of the times. (1)

For these 27 people $\sum x = 607.5$ and $\sum x^2 = 17\,623.25$

- (c) calculate the mean time taken to complete the puzzle, (1)

- (d) calculate the standard deviation of the times taken to complete the puzzle. (2)

Taruni defines an outlier as a value more than 3 standard deviations above the mean.

- (e) State how many outliers Taruni would say there are in these data, giving a reason for your answer. (1)

Adam and Beth also completed the puzzle in a minutes and b minutes respectively, where $a > b$.

When their times are included with the data of the other 27 people

- the median time increases
- the mean time does not change

- (f) Suggest a possible value for a and a possible value for b , explaining how your values satisfy the above conditions. (3)

- (g) Without carrying out any further calculations, explain why the standard deviation of all 29 times will be lower than your answer to part (d). (1)

Question T2_Q4

3. Stav is studying the large data set for September 2015

He codes the variable Daily Mean Pressure, x , using the formula $y = x - 1010$

The data for all 30 days from Hurn are summarised by

$$\sum y = 214 \quad \sum y^2 = 5912$$

- (a) State the units of the variable x (1)
- (b) Find the mean Daily Mean Pressure for these 30 days. (2)
- (c) Find the standard deviation of Daily Mean Pressure for these 30 days. (3)

Stav knows that, in the UK, winds circulate

- in a **clockwise** direction around a region of **high** pressure
- in an **anticlockwise** direction around a region of **low** pressure

The table gives the Daily Mean Pressure for 3 locations from the large data set on 26/09/2015

Location	Heathrow	Hurn	Leuchars
Daily Mean Pressure	1029	1028	1028
Cardinal Wind Direction			

The Cardinal Wind Directions for these 3 locations on 26/09/2015 were, in random order,

W NE E

You may assume that these 3 locations were under a single region of pressure.

- (d) Using your knowledge of the large data set, place each of these Cardinal Wind Directions in the correct location in the table.
Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

Question 3 continued.